



Colorado Springs Utilities
It's how we're all connected

Electric and Gas Integrated Resource Plans

Utilities Board Special Meeting for Approval

June 26, 2020

Agenda

- Welcome and Introduction
- Summary of UPAC Recommendations
- Portfolios 16 and 17 Comparison
- Customer Comment
- Board Discussion and Decision

Public Process Update

Public Engagement Summary

Public Comment Summary

Emails to energyvision@csu.org

- 38 received 5/29-6/15
- 37 received 6/15-6/17

Public Meetings Speakers

28 people spoke at the Utilities Board

June 17 meeting

- 6 Stakeholder Groups
- 22 Citizens/Customers



Summary of UPAC Recommendations

EIRP Recommendation

Pathway	Portfolio	Carbon targets	2022	2023	2025	2026	2030	2035	2040	2050
Pathway E	Portfolio 16	2030 80%		Drake retire			Nixon 1 retire	Birdsall retire		
		2050 90%		Small, mobile, natural gas generator			Gas/renewable/storage/DSM	Gas/renewable/Storage/DSM		
Gas	G-E16		LDC IT with oil backup		Expand/new pipeline capacity with NNT		Expand/new pipeline capacity with NNT			

Reasons for UPAC’s recommendation of Portfolio 16:

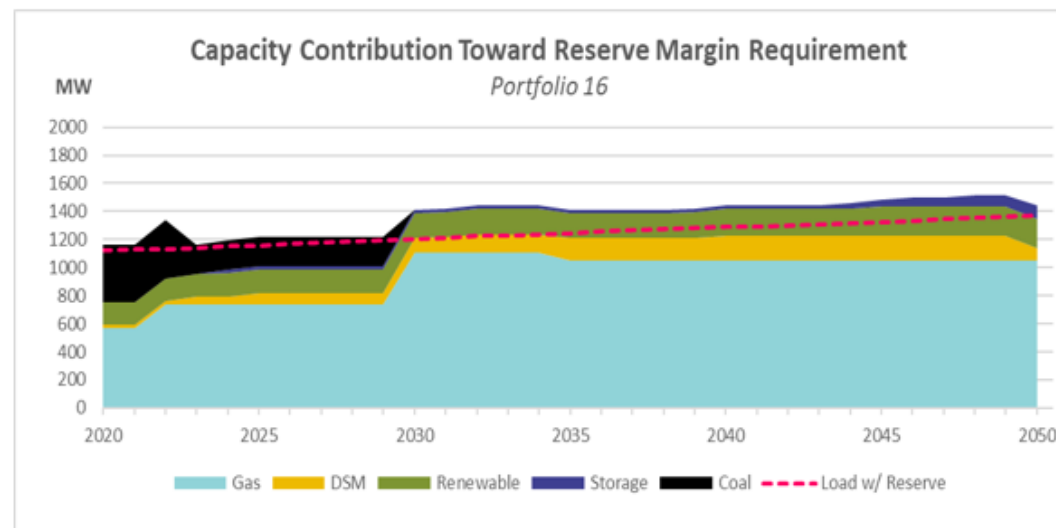
- High Attribute ranking
- Meets state regulatory carbon reduction
- Solid financial results
- Reasonable risk profile
- Uses proven innovative technology
- Earliest Drake decommissioning
- Provides flexibility on Nixon 1 replacement

Overview

- Carbon reduction goals: 80% by 2030, 90% by 2050
- Coal retirement: Drake Power Plant no later than 2023, Nixon Power Plant no later than 2030
- Other retirement: Birdsall Power Plant no later than 2035
- Replacement: Small, mobile natural gas generators, renewable energy, storage and other natural gas generation plus energy efficiency initiatives

EIRP PORTFOLIO 16

Pathway	Portfolio	Carbon targets	2022	2023	2025	2026	2030	2035	2040	2050
Pathway E	Portfolio 16	2030 80%		Drake retire			Nixon 1 retire	Birdsall retire		
		2050 90%		Small, mobile, natural gas generator			Gas/renewable/storage/DSM	Gas/renewable/Storage/DSM		
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Resource Change 2021-2050 (MW)		Financial Metrics		Attribute Score	
Drake (2023)	-208	30 Year Revenue Requirement	\$36.27B	Reliability	93
Nixon 1 (2030)	-207	Average Annual Revenue Requirement	\$1.21B	Cost/Implementation	63
Nixon 2-3	0	Average Adjusted Debt Service Coverage	2.09	Environment/Stewardship	72
Birdsall (2035)	-54	Average Adjusted Days Cash on Hand	179	Flexibility/Diversity	75
Front Range	0	30 Year Electric Revenue	\$18.0B	Innovation	50
New Gas	523	Sensitivities (\$ incremental)		Total score (normalized)	98.7
DSM	52			Risks	
Storage	75	Social Cost	\$1.05B		
Solar	150	High Load	\$308M		
Wind	100	Low Load	(\$238)M		
Hydro	0	High Gas	\$535M		
Geothermal	10	Low Gas	(\$482)M		
Biomass/ Biogas	10	90x30	\$217M		
Carbon Capture	0	100x50	\$193M		
Nuclear	0	Drake 2022	(\$13)M		



Attribute rank



Financial rank

GIRP Recommendation

Portfolio	2022	2025	2030	2032	2034	2035	2040	2043	2050
G-6		DR + EE		Propane Air Expansion			Propane Air New		

Reasons for UPAC's recommendation of Portfolio 6:

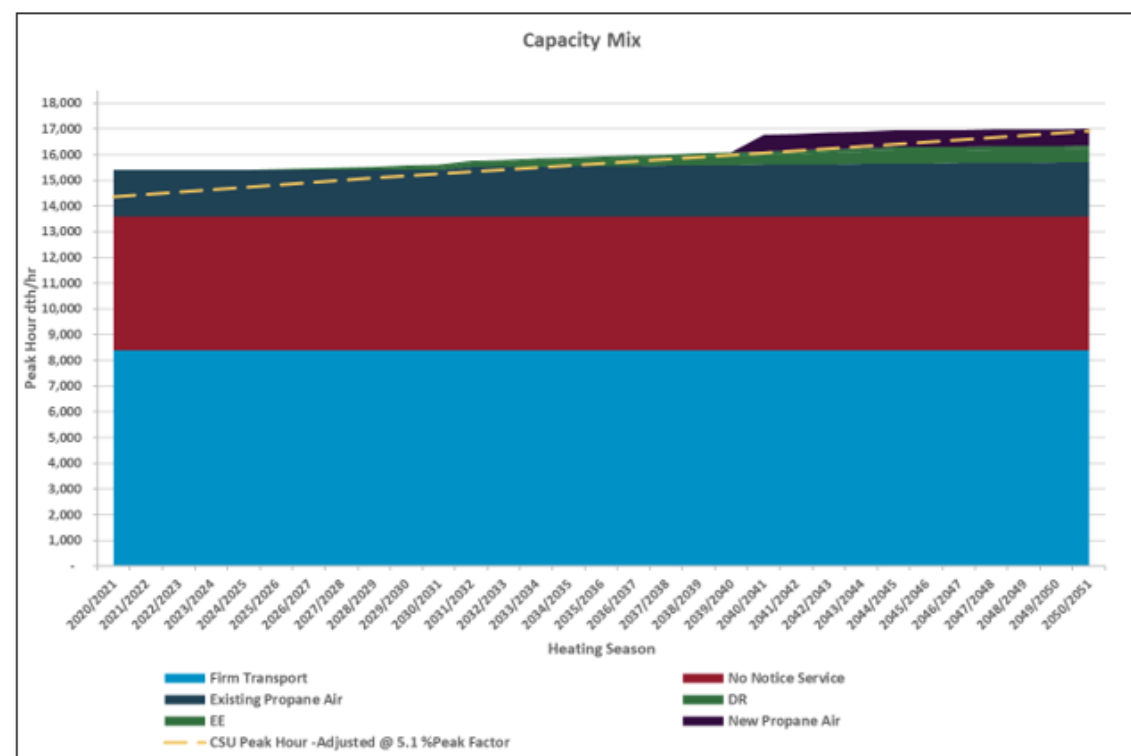
- Best attribute score
- Lowest revenue requirement
- Contains both DR and EE features
- Controllable risk profile
- Defers new infrastructure requirements

GIRP PORTFOLIO 6

Overview

Addition: Demand response, energy efficiency, new propane air, existing propane air expansion

	Portfolio	2022	2025	2030	2032	2034	2035	2040	2043	2050
Pathway C DSM + new peak shaving capacity	G-6		Demand response and energy efficiency		Propane air expansion			Propane air new		



Resource Change 2021-2050 (Dth/hr)	
Existing PA	300
New PA	650
New Pipeline Capacity	0
New LNG	0
Demand Response	500
Energy Efficiency	150

Financial Metrics	
30 Year Revenue Requirement	\$35.71B
Average Annual Revenue Requirement	\$1.190B
30 Year Gas Revenue	\$5.73B

Attribute Score		
Reliability	83.5	
Cost/Implementation	100.0	
Environment/Stewardship	100.0	
Flexibility/Diversity	86.8	
Innovation	72.7	
Total score (normalized)	100.0	

Sensitivities (\$ incremental)	
High Growth	\$7.79M
Low Growth	(\$12.54M)
Renewable Natural Gas (voluntary)	\$64.10M
Non-firm Options	Included in EIRP Portfolios
Peaking Capacity Options	Requires Study
High DR	NA
High EE	NA
High DSM	(\$1.70M)
Distributed Generation on LDC System	Increases EIRP New Fixed Gas Costs by 86%

Risks
- High growth advances capital plan by 5 years, increases fixed gas costs - Potential public push back on new PA Plant - Electrification reduces load growth/revenue - Regulatory risk mandating RNG - Non-firm options require oil backup for DG - DSM needs proof of concept, program development

Portfolios 16 and 17 Comparison

Why Consider Portfolio 17

- Community input
- Board interest
- CEO/ Leadership/ Employee Recommendation

EIRP PORTFOLIO 17

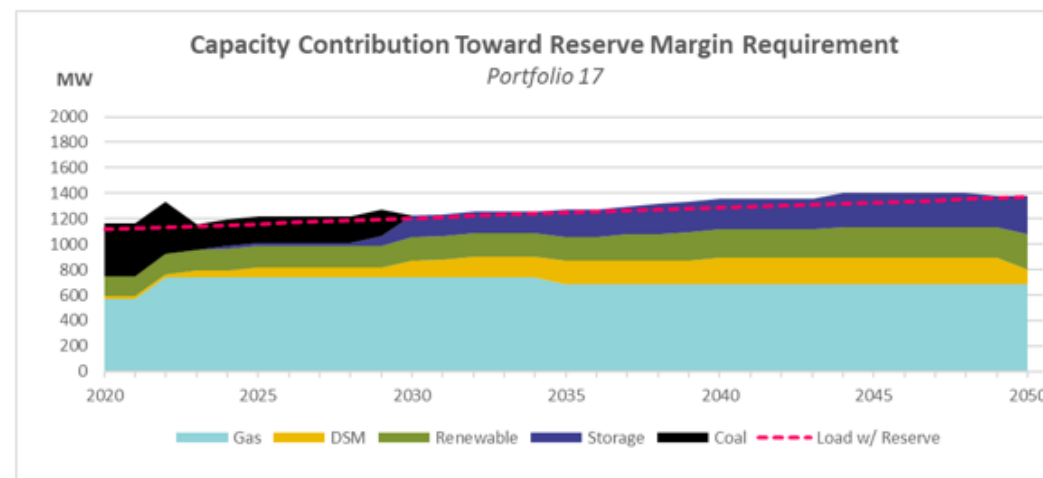
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EIRP PORTFOLIO 17

Overview

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Nixon 1 (2030)	-207	Average Annual Revenue Requirement	\$1.22B	Cost/Implementation	46
Nixon 2-3	0	Average Adjusted Debt Service Coverage	1.85	Environment/Stewardship	69
Birdsall (2035)	-54	Average Adjusted Days Cash on Hand	154	Flexibility/Diversity	88
Front Range	0	30 Year Electric Revenue	\$18.21B	Innovation	70
New Gas	156	Sensitivities (\$ incremental)		Total score (normalized)	100
DSM	76			Risks	
Storage	417	Social Cost	\$0.97B		
Solar	150	High Load	\$330M		
Wind	500	Low Load	(\$317)M		
Hydro	0	High Gas	\$458M		
Geothermal	10	Low Gas	(\$491)M		
Biomass/ Biogas	10	90x30	\$98M		
Carbon Capture	0	100x50	\$100M		
Nuclear	0	Drake 2022	(\$55)M		

1
Attribute rank

4
Financial rank

EIRP PORTFOLIO 16

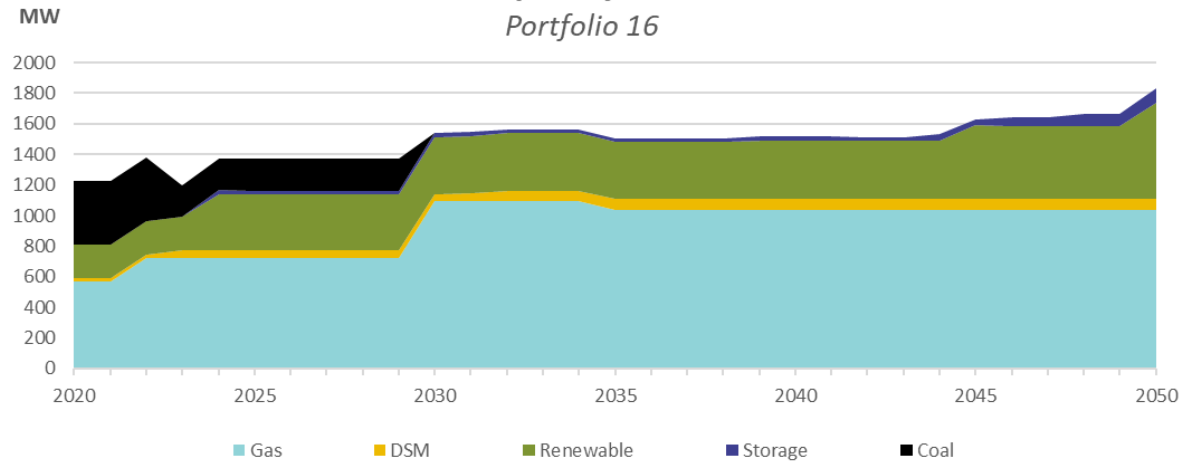
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EIRP PORTFOLIO 17

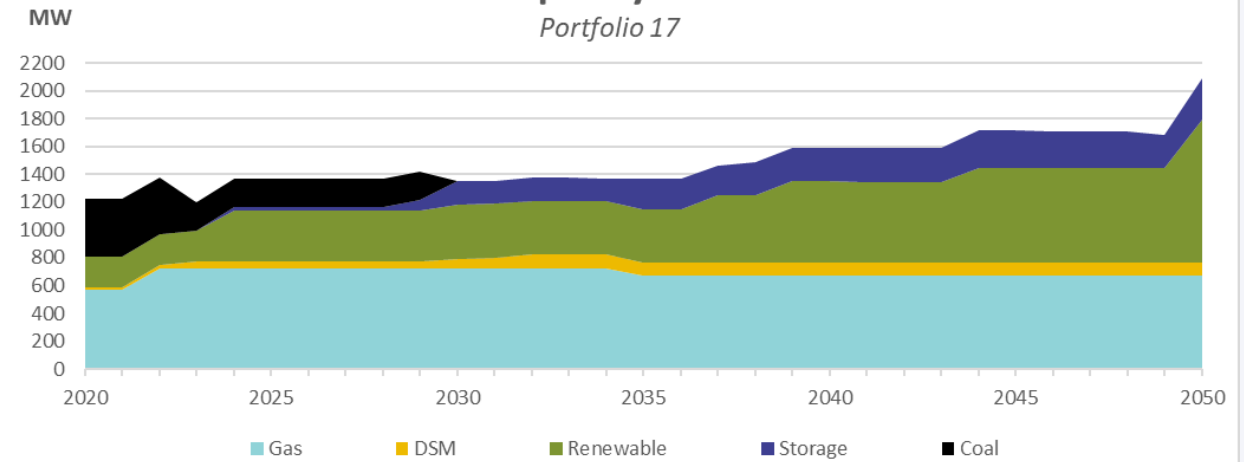
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Portfolios 16 and 17 Capacity and Energy

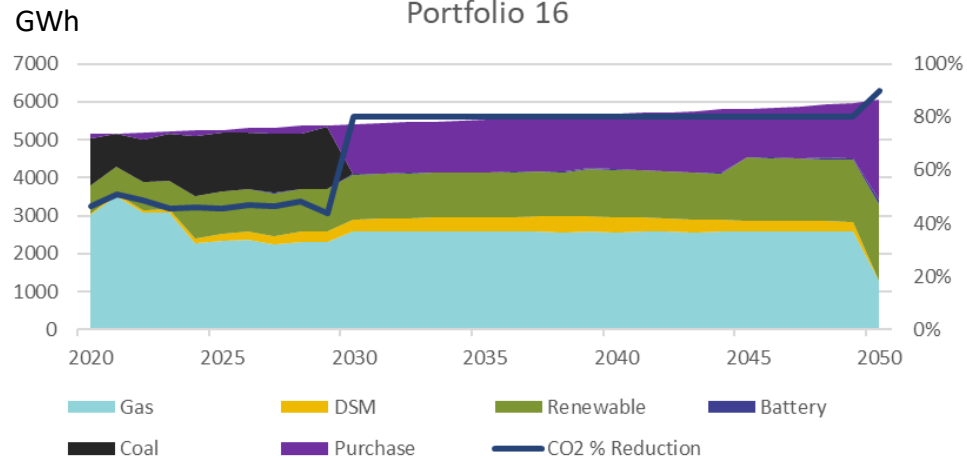
Capacity Mix
Portfolio 16



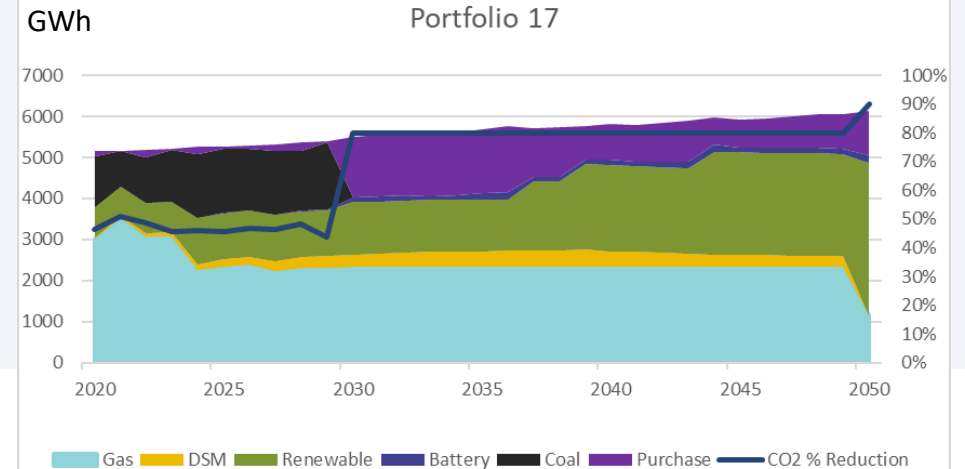
Capacity Mix
Portfolio 17



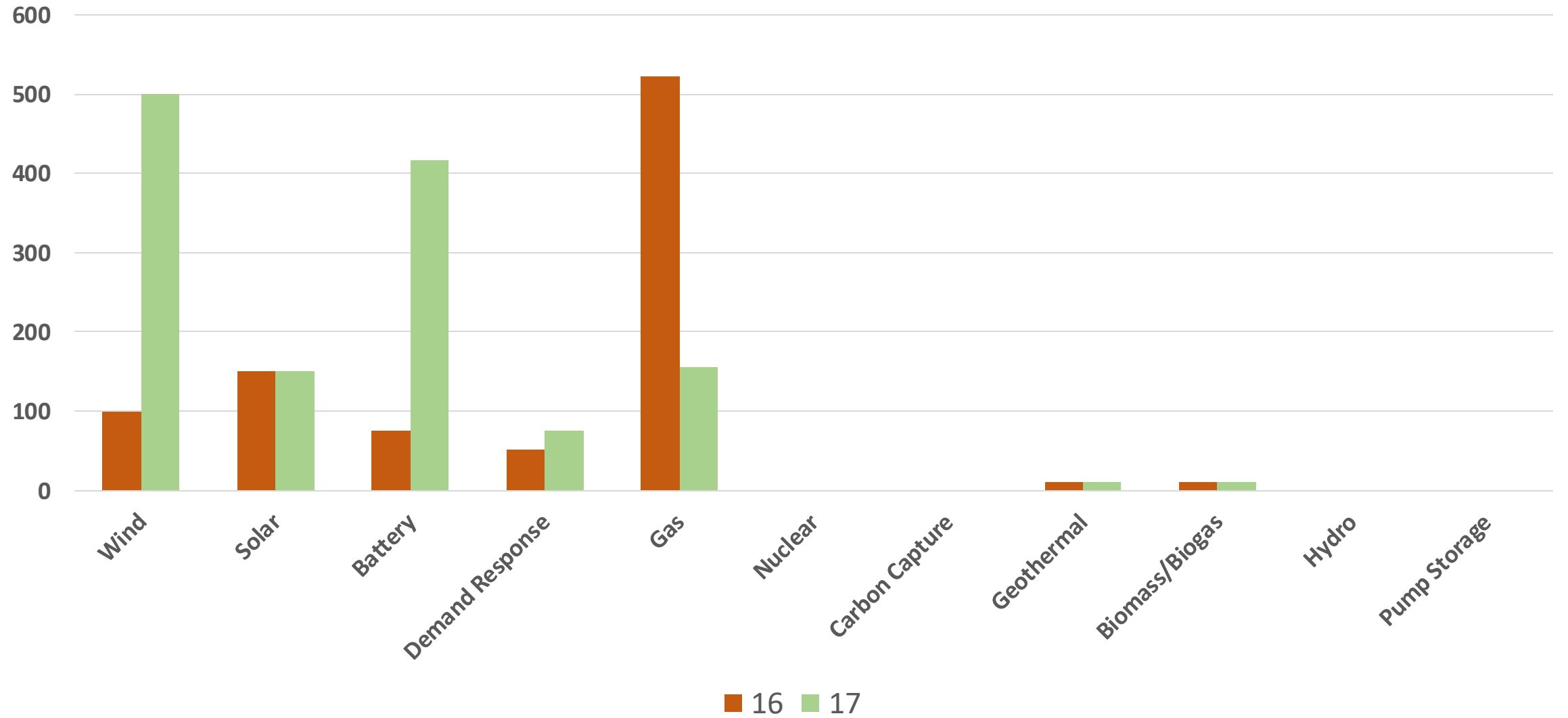
Energy Mix & Carbon Reduction
Portfolio 16



Energy Mix & Carbon Reduction
Portfolio 17



New Resources Needed for Portfolio 16 and 17 in MW



IRP Goals (Phase 1)

Resilient and reliable

- Industry leading reliability and resiliency while avoiding potential stranded assets
- Support economic growth of the region

Cost-effective energy

- Maintain competitive and affordable rates
- Further advance energy efficiency and demand response

Environmentally sustainable

- Grow renewable portfolio
- Establish timelines for decommissioning of assets

Reduces our carbon footprint

- Meet all environmental regulations with specific metrics that include reducing our carbon footprint
- Reduce reliance on fossil fuels

Uses proven state-of-the-art technologies

- Proactively and responsibly integrate new technologies

to enhance our quality of life for generations to come

Attribute Scoring (Phase 2)

	Reliability	Cost / Implementation	Environment / Stewardship	Flexibility / Diversity	Innovation	Total
Weighting	32%	22%	22%	14%	10%	
Criteria	1. Quick Ramp 2. Quick Start 3. Market Purchases 4. Availability	1. NPVRR 2. Decommission timeframe	1. GHG Reduction 2. Land Use 3. Water Use	1. Average Capacity 2. Generation Sources	1. Demand Reduction 2. State of the Art Technology use	
Portfolio 16 - Score	1.12	0.66	0.70	0.42	0.25	3.15
Portfolio 17 - Score	1.20	0.49	0.66	0.49	0.35	3.19

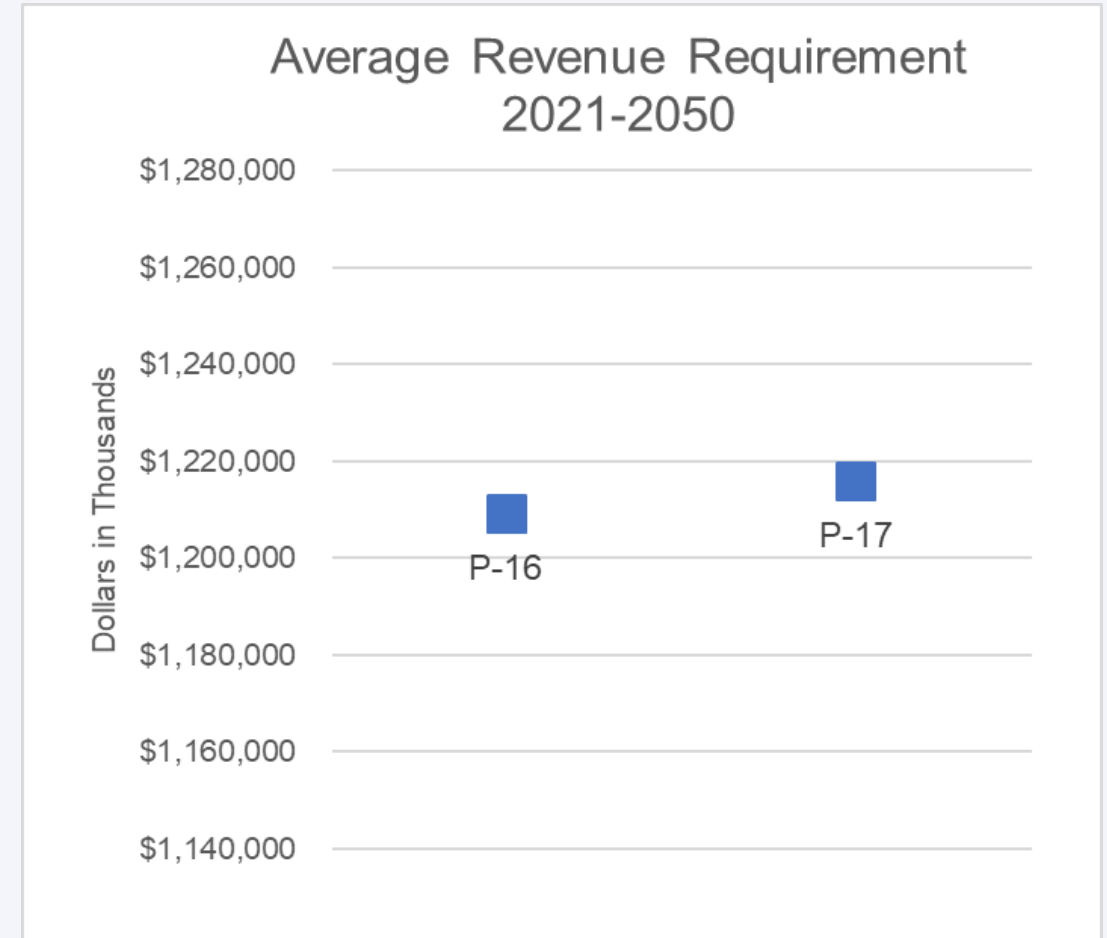
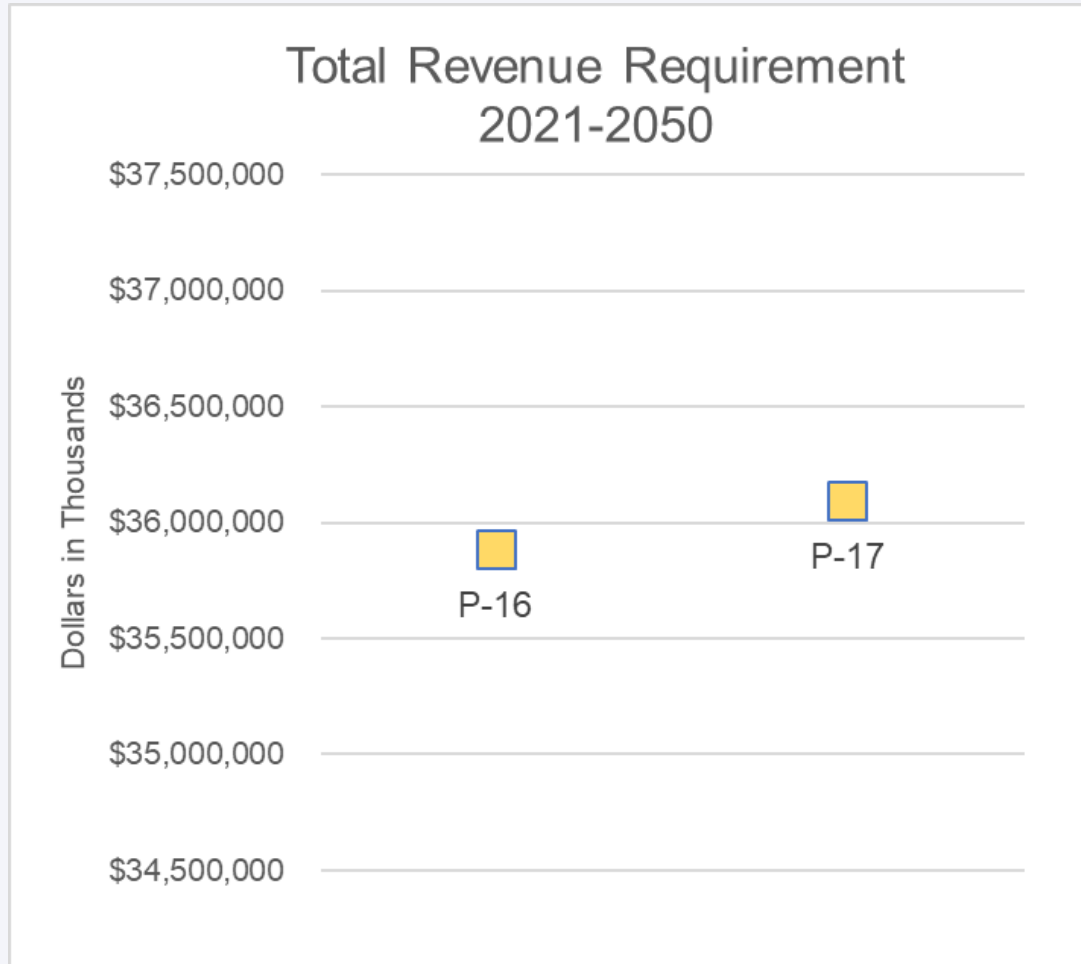
Note: Final Score is normalized against score of all other portfolios on 100 point scale.

Portfolio 16 and 17 Scoring Slide

Portfolio	Pathway	CO2 Target	Retirements	New Resources	Attribute Ranking	Total Score Normalized	Financial Ranking	Total RR	% Increase to Portfolio R	% Increase to Portfolio 1
17	E	80% by 2030 90% by 2050	Drake 2023 Nixon 1 2030	Aeroderivative/Non-Carbon/Storage/DSM	1	100	4	\$36.47B	2.10%	-0.21%
16	E	80% by 2030 90% by 2050	Drake 2023 Nixon 1 2030	Aeroderivative/Gas/Renewable/Storage/DSM	2	98.7	1	\$36.27B	1.53%	-0.76%

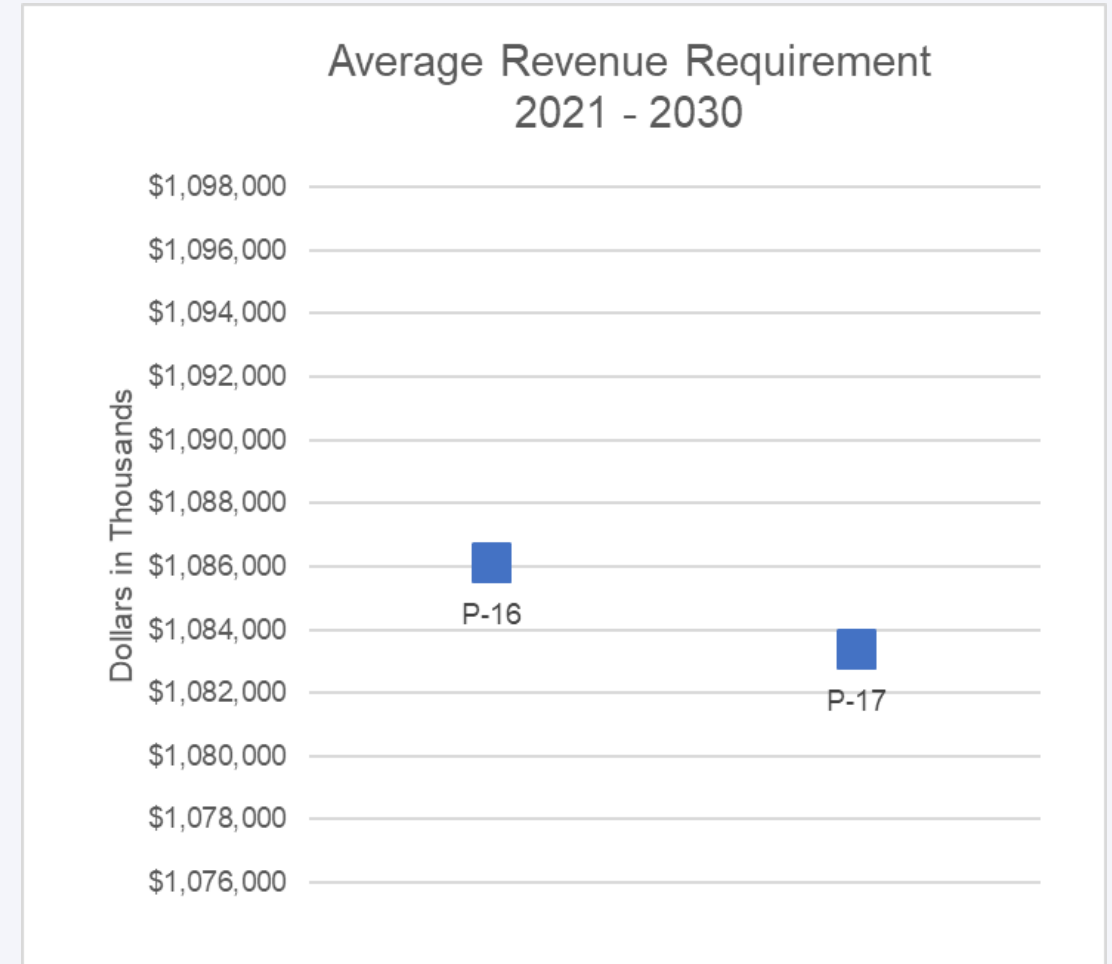
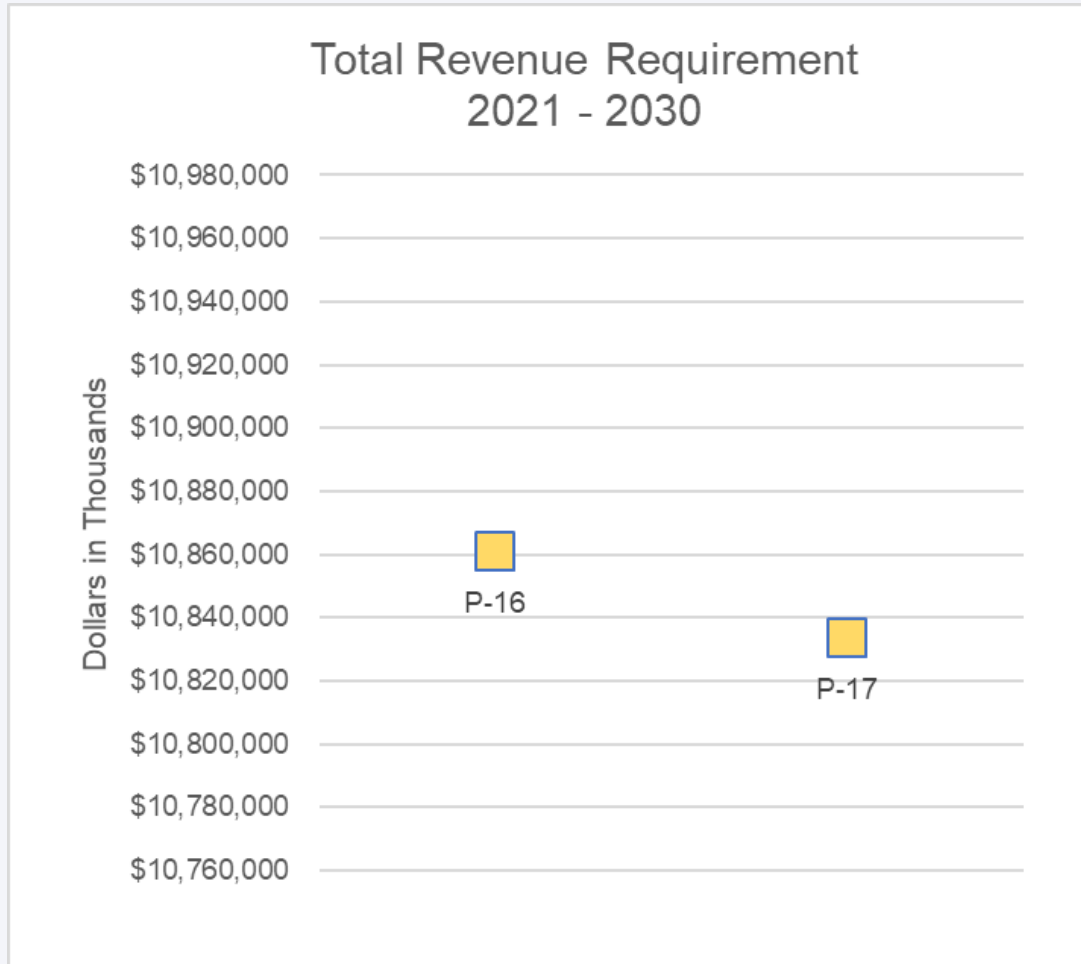
Note: Total RR is total revenue requirement for all 4 services for 30 years in billions of dollars. It represents total cost to run Colorado Springs Utilities.

Portfolio 16 & 17 Financial Results (30 year)



Revenue numbers are for 30 years.

Portfolio 16 & 17 Financial Results (10 year)



Revenue numbers are for 10 years.

Summary Comparison - Similarities

Portfolio 16:

- 2nd highest Attribute ranking (Phase 2)
- Meets state regulatory carbon reduction
- Solid financial results (within margin of error)
- Reasonable risk profile
- Earliest Drake decommissioning (NLT 2023) with gas aeroderivative replacement
- Provides flexibility on Nixon 1 replacement
- Aligned with community input (early decommissioning)
- Aligned with IRP Goals
- Aligned with GIRP Portfolio 6

Portfolio 17:

- Highest scoring portfolio on attributes (Phase 2)
- Meets state regulatory carbon reduction
- Solid financial results (within margin of error)
- Reasonable risk profile
- Earliest Drake decommissioning (NLT 2023) with gas aeroderivative replacement
- Provides flexibility on Nixon 1 replacement
- Aligned with community input (early decommissioning)
- Aligned with IRP Goals
- Aligned with GIRP Portfolio 6

Summary Comparison - Differences

Portfolio 16:

- Relies on gas resources and demand side management to replace Nixon 1 capacity

Portfolio 17:

- Relies on wind, energy storage and demand side management to replace Nixon 1 capacity
- Less dependence on spot market purchases to serve load and reduce carbon footprint

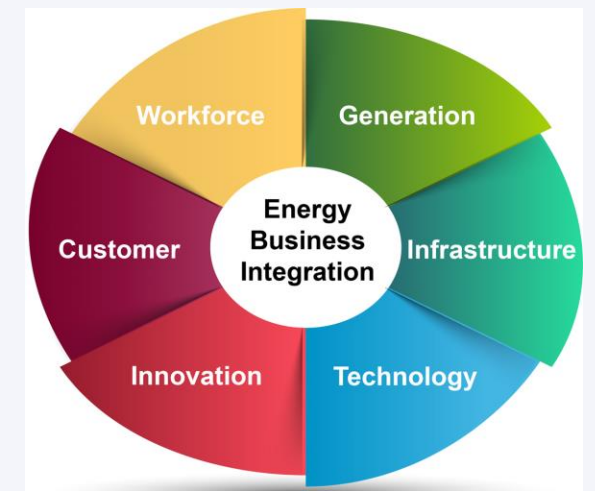
Utilities' Recommendation- Portfolio 17

EIRP PORTFOLIO 17

Pathway	Portfolio	Carbon targets	2022	2023	2025	2026	2030	2035	2040	2050
Pathway E	Portfolio 17			Drake retire			Nixon 1 retire	Birdsall retire		
				Small, mobile, natural gas generator			Non-carbon, storage & DSM	Non-carbon, storage & DSM		
Gas	G-E17		LDC IT with oil backup		Expand/new pipeline capacity with NNT					

Reasons for Utilities' recommendation of Portfolio 17:

- Enhanced reliability and resilience
- Investment in infrastructure to support renewables and advanced technologies
- Supports vision of advancing renewable energy and future technologies (e.g. microgrids, storage, electric vehicles, AMI, distributed resources, etc.)
- Will promote innovation, utility transformation and agility
- Use gas resources for Nixon replacement only as a contingency/back up plan





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Customer Comment



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Board Discussion and Decision



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Supplemental Information

Public Comment Summary – June 17

Ft. Carson and Army Office of Energy Initiatives

- Resiliency is the most important aspect of their energy service.
- Colorado Springs Utilities has involved them in the IRP process and provides resilient power at Fort Carson.
- Army installations must have access to energy to assure readiness.
- Energy infrastructure is a key facet of resilience importance and the Army is willing to partner with Colorado Springs Utilities in siting key energy infrastructure that establish longer duration and larger scale backup resources.

Sierra Club Beyond Coal

- Applauds early coal retirement and the promise that no Utilities employees will lose their job.
- Sees the need to invest in new energy sources, but prefers renewable resources to fossil fuel due to environmental impacts.
- New natural gas plants will cost more money with significant regulatory risk.
- Supports Portfolio 17.

Public Comment Summary – June 17

Penrose/St. Francis

- Penrose/St. Francis partners with Colorado Springs Utilities at both campuses.
- They rely on resilience and enhanced power at St. Francis, and look forward to planning programs with Interquest campus, and the possibility of a solar farm there.
- Appreciative of rebate programs.

Downtown Partnership

- Downtown Partnership were engaged and participated in the IRP, and appreciates strong business community involvement.
- Pleased with both portfolios and supporting portfolio 17, as it gives an edge with wind and battery for a clean energy future, new investment to downtown, and opportunity to have a bold clean energy commitment.
- Supports swift plan for decommissioning Drake Power Plant, which will attract businesses looking for this commitment.

Public Comment Summary – June 17

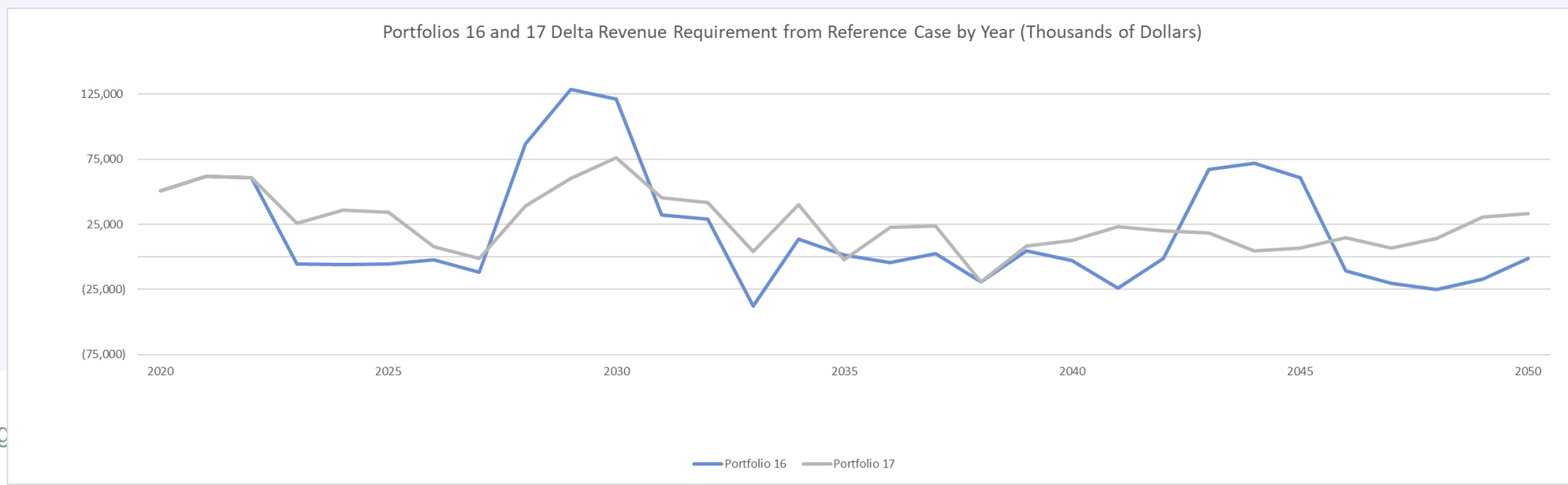
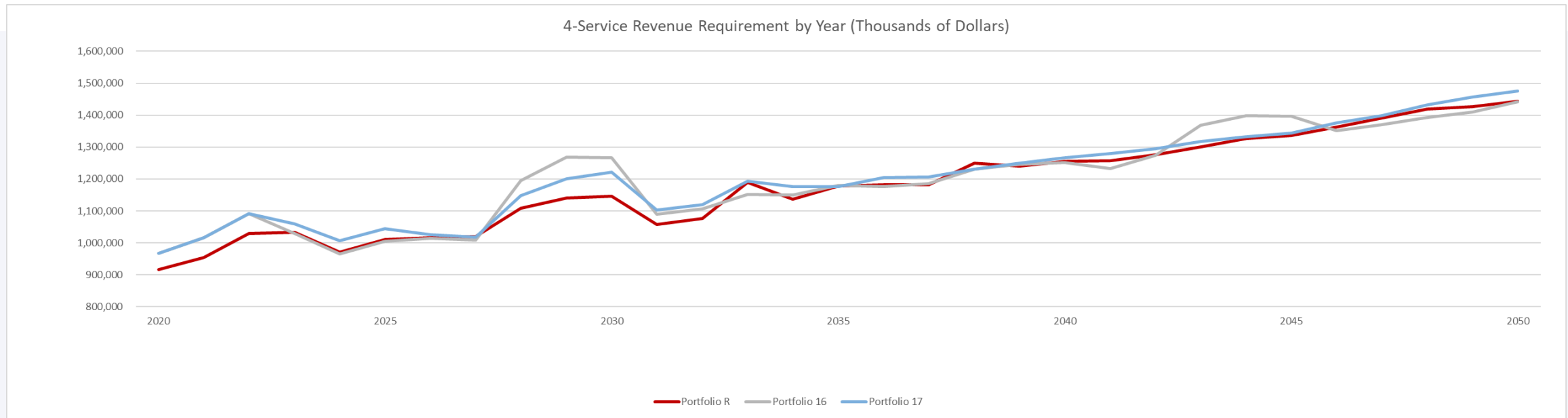
Chamber of Commerce & EDC

- Agrees with the five attributes used to evaluate portfolios.
- The Chamber & EDC has participated, and presented to UPAC, appreciate adjustments made, and endorsed the process conducted with robust public outreach.
- Sees Drake redevelopment and future of the plant as a gateway and opportunity for revitalization downtown.

Public Comments

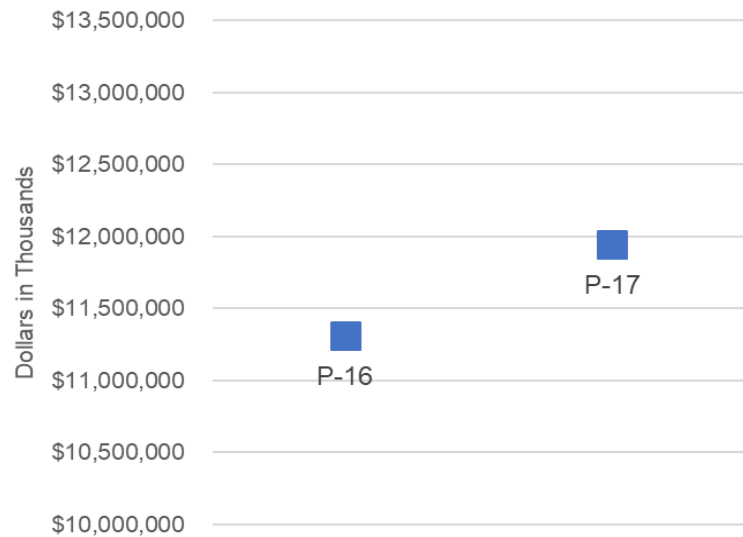
- Nineteen Speakers supported Portfolio 17 over Portfolio 16.
- Two speakers supported Portfolio 10, one speaker supported Portfolio 16.
- Preference for renewable resources vs. fossil fuels as replacement for Drake and Nixon.

Revenue Requirement Comparison

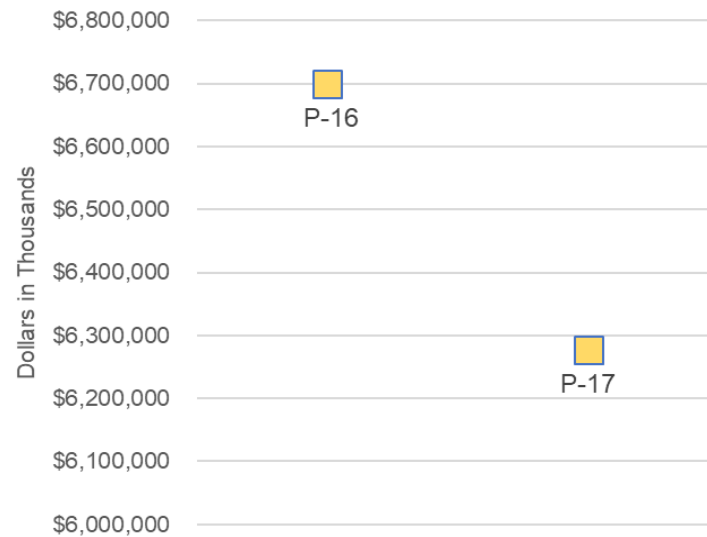


Electric Revenue – Base and Fuel

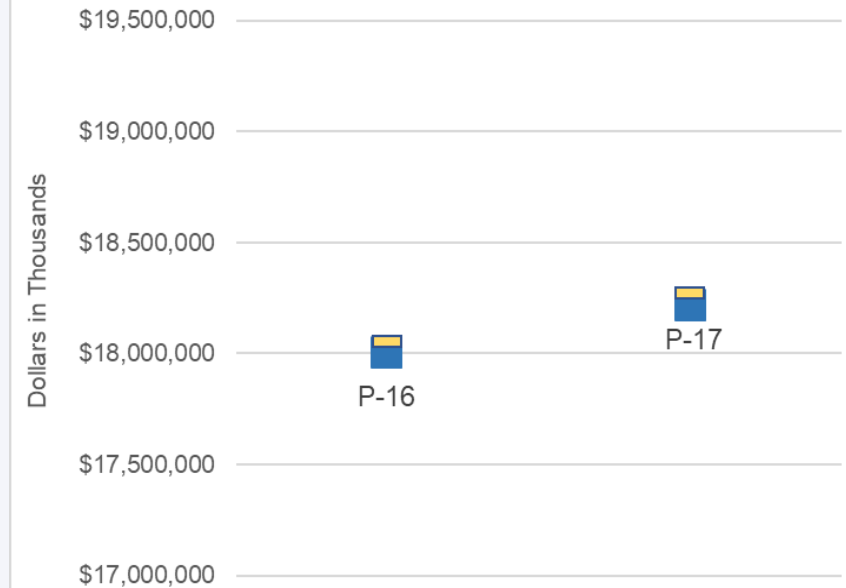
Total Electric Base Revenue



Total Electric Fuel Revenue



Total Electric Revenue



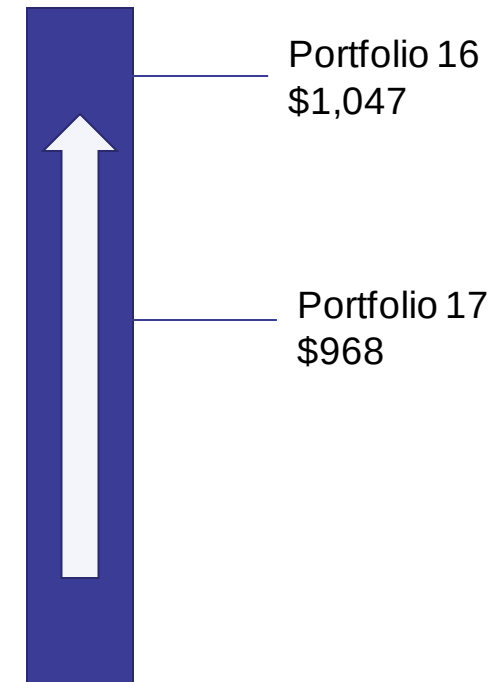
Revenue numbers are for 30 years.

EIRP Sensitivity

Social Cost of Carbon

- All portfolios are more costly
- Accelerates CO2 reduction by backing down coal and gas generation
- Requires substantial increase in carbon free or renewable energy
- Gas resources built to meet capacity requirements but do not run much

Social Cost of Carbon



Incremental net present value revenue requirement over 30 years.
Numbers are in millions of dollars.
Black numbers indicate increase.

EIRP Sensitivity

Gas Price

- Both gas and renewable portfolios are impacted due to cost of market purchases
- Low gas prices help all portfolios
- High gas prices hurt all portfolios

High Gas



Portfolio 16
\$535

Portfolio 17
\$458

Low Gas



Portfolio 16
- \$482

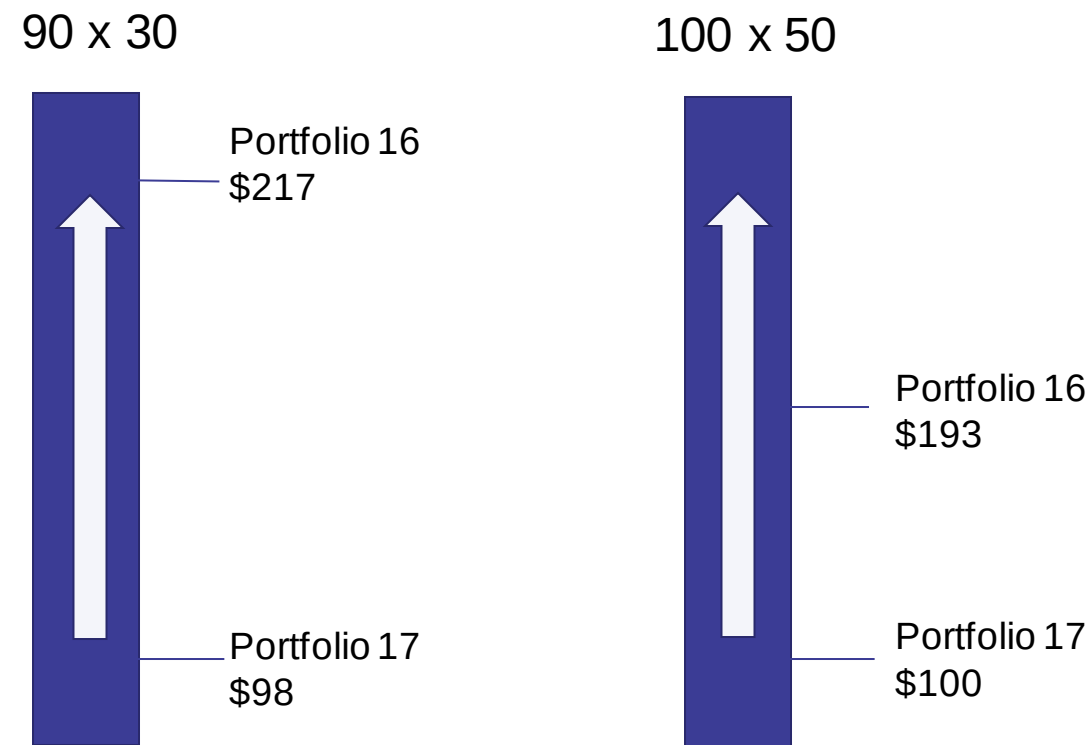
Portfolio 17
- \$490

Incremental net present value revenue requirement over 30 years. Numbers are in millions of dollars. Green numbers indicate decrease in revenue requirement. Black numbers indicate increase.

EIRP Sensitivity

Carbon reduction

- All portfolios are more costly
- Increased reliance on energy market
- Model still builds gas generation as bridge allowing for cost of renewables to continue to decline
- Current transmission infrastructure not sufficient to achieve 100% renewable energy
- A lot of excess energy and hours of curtailment, and a significant amount of energy storage and DSM needed
- Portfolios 10 and 11 already meet 100% by 2050 target



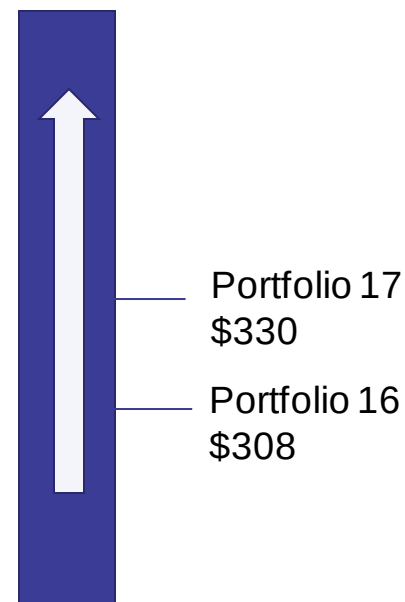
Incremental net present value revenue requirement over 30 years. Numbers are in millions of dollars. Black numbers indicate increase.

EIRP Sensitivity

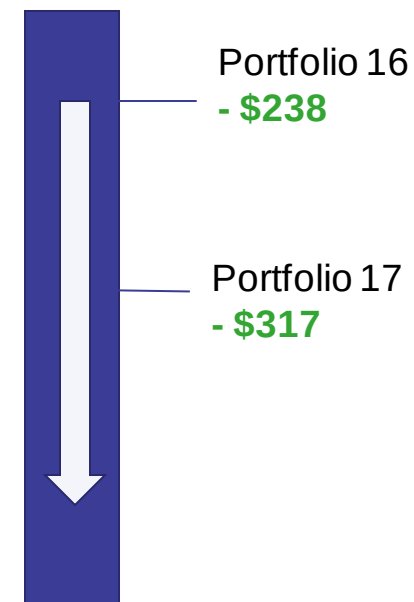
Load Forecast

- High load represents potential annexation and electrification scenarios
- Electrification will increase electric revenue requirement but decrease gas revenue requirement
- High load increases total revenue requirement
- Low load decreases total revenue requirement

High Load



Low Load



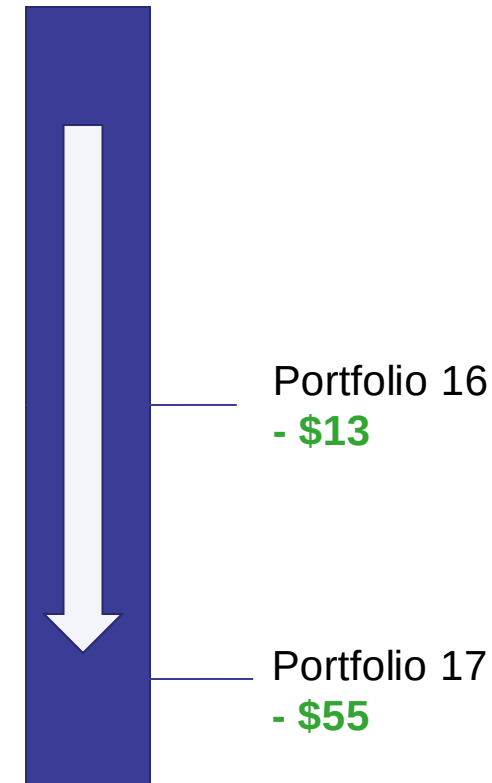
Incremental net present value revenue requirement over 30 years. Numbers are in millions of dollars. Green numbers indicate decrease in revenue requirement. Black numbers indicate increase.

EIRP Sensitivity

Drake retired no later than 2022

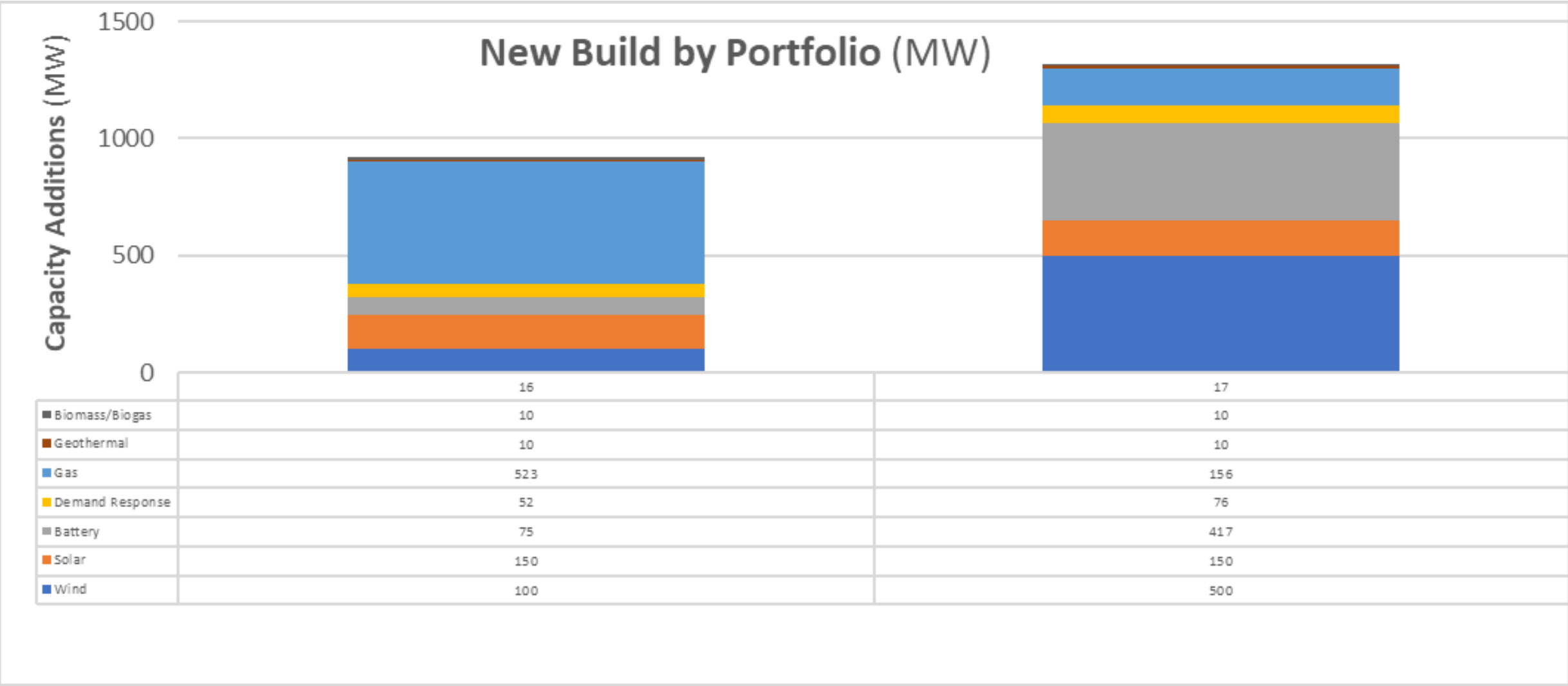
- Only possible in portfolios 12, 16 and 17
- Additional capacity is needed sooner
- Can lower costs even more depending on new capacity resource

Drake 2022

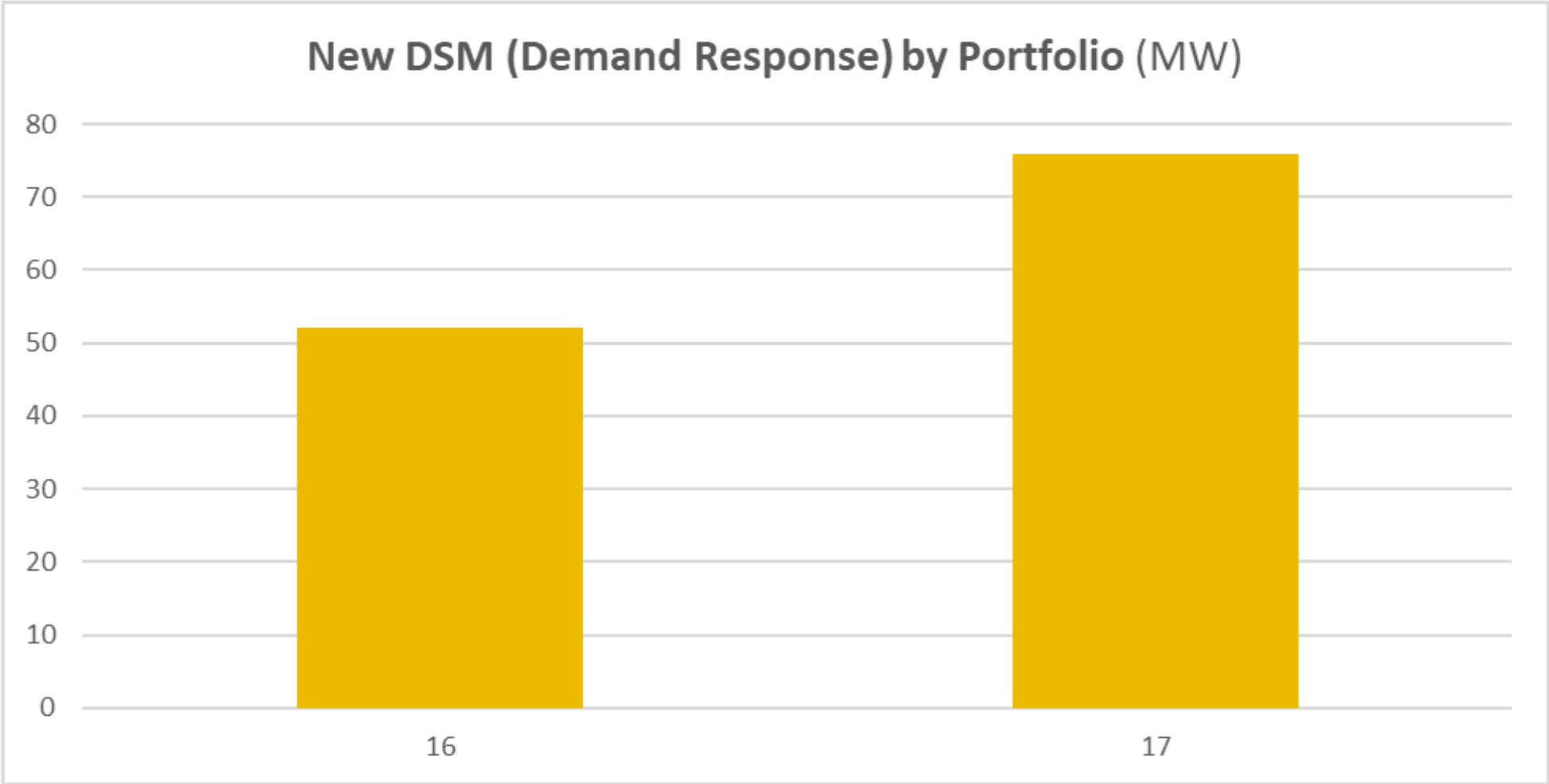


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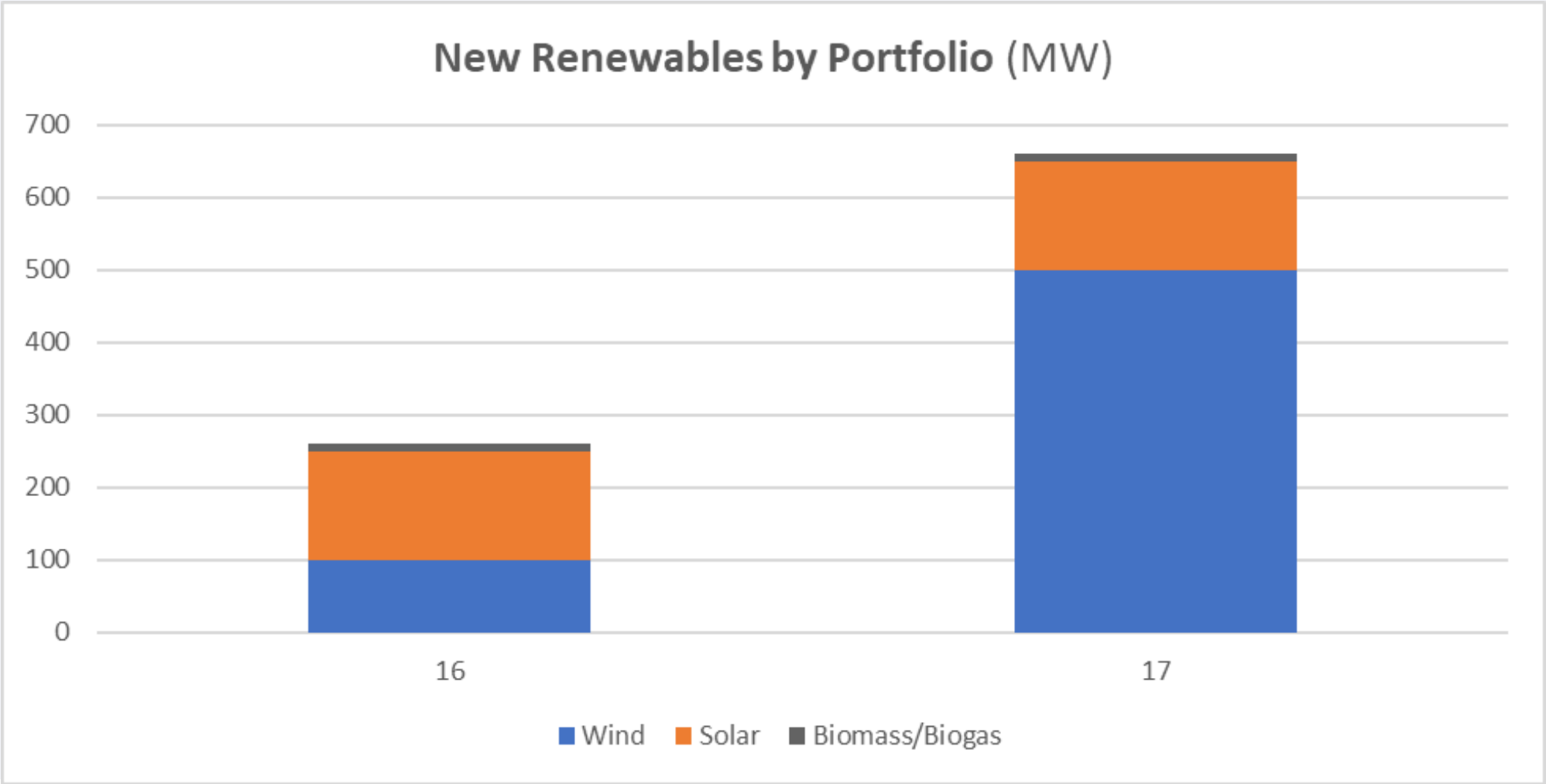
Portfolios 16 and 17 New Resources



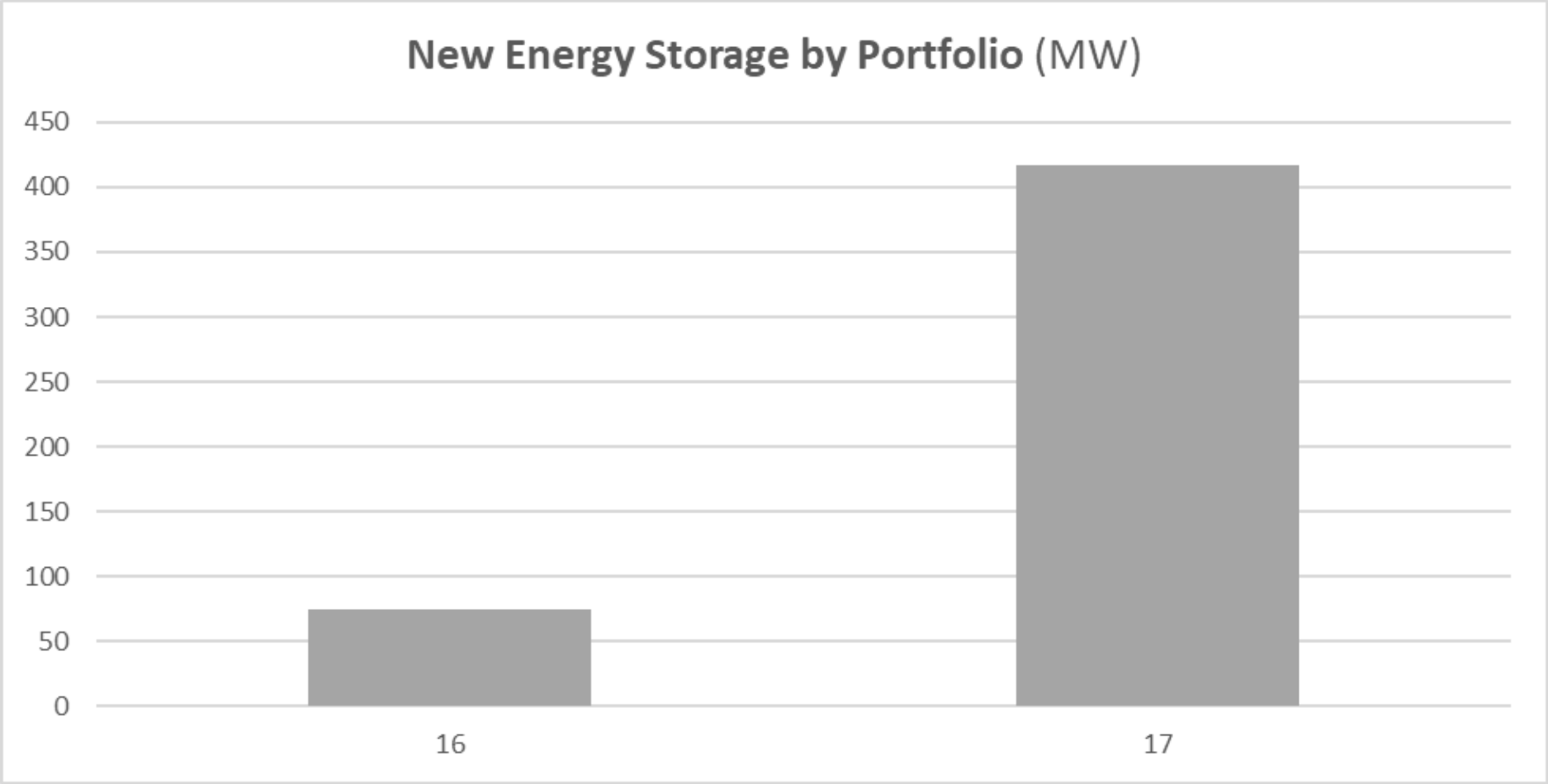
DSM Resources by Portfolio



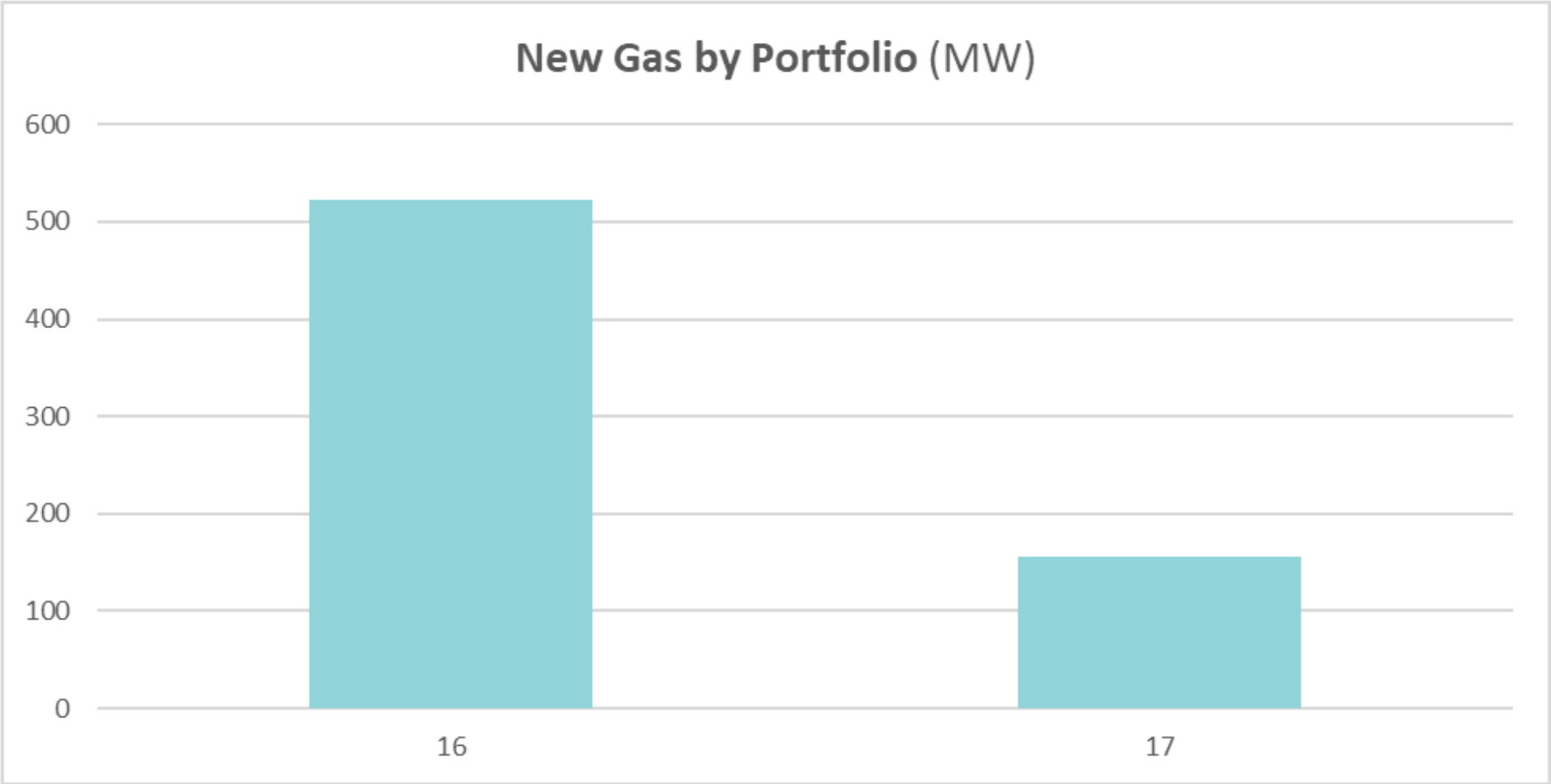
Renewable Resources by Portfolio



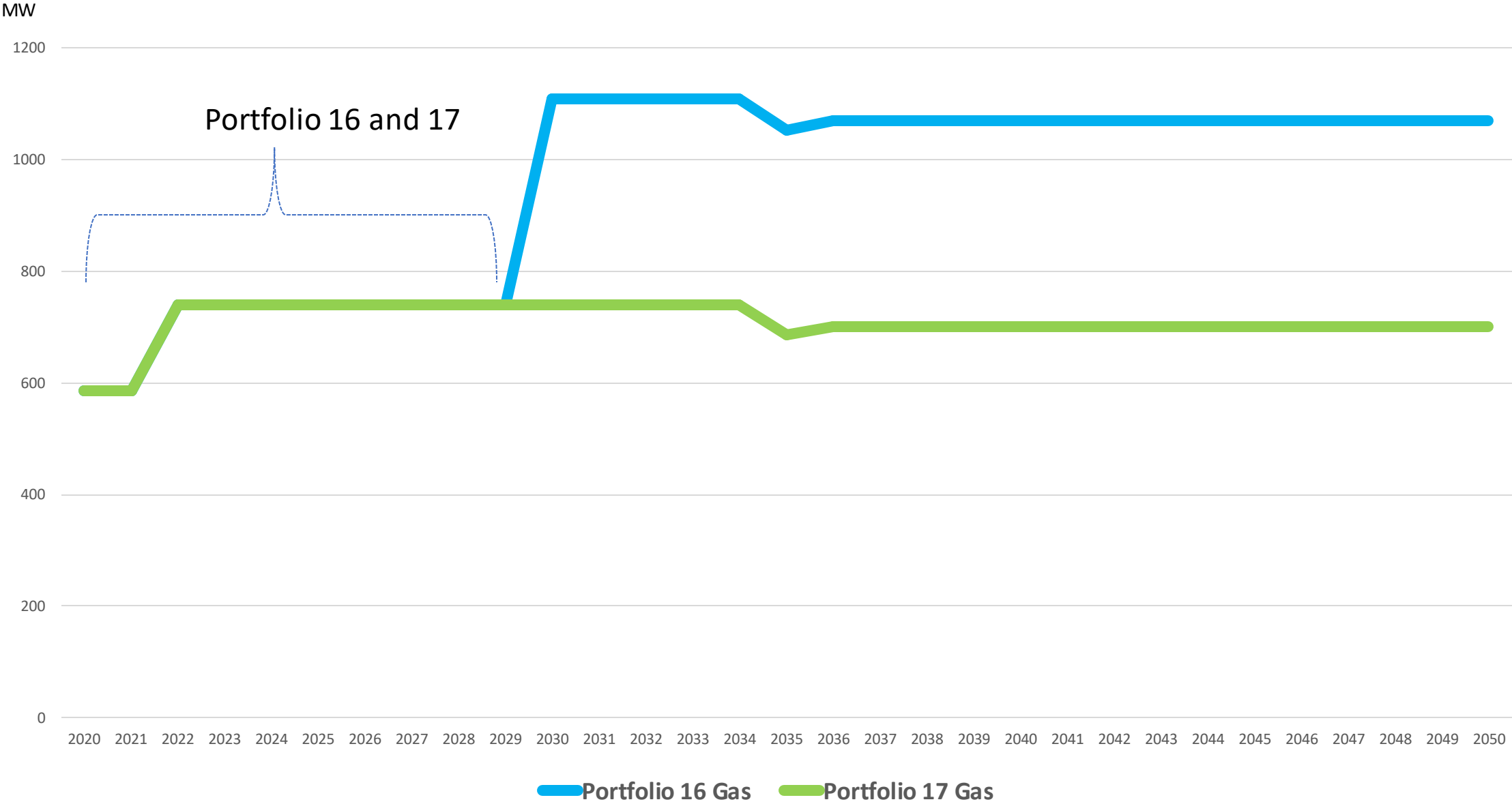
Energy Storage Resources by Portfolio

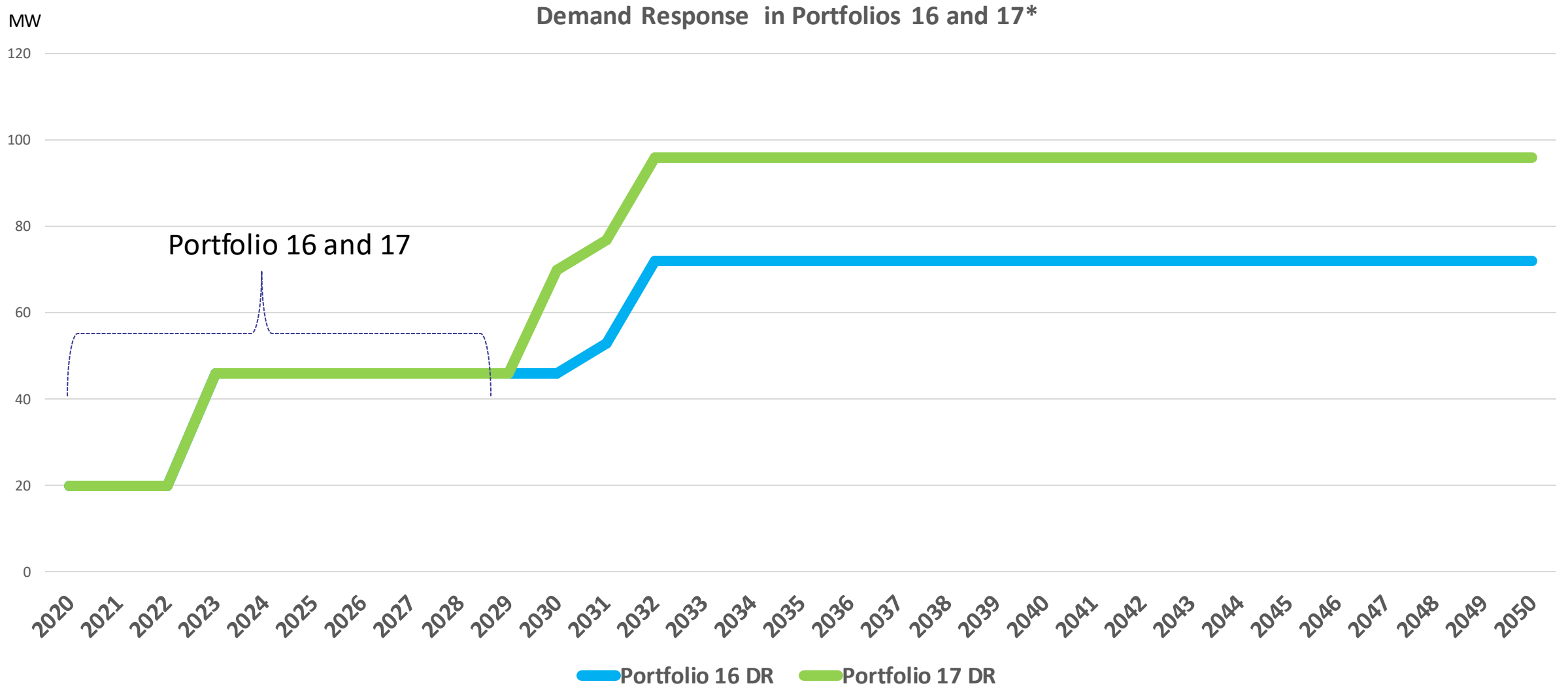


Gas Resources by Portfolio

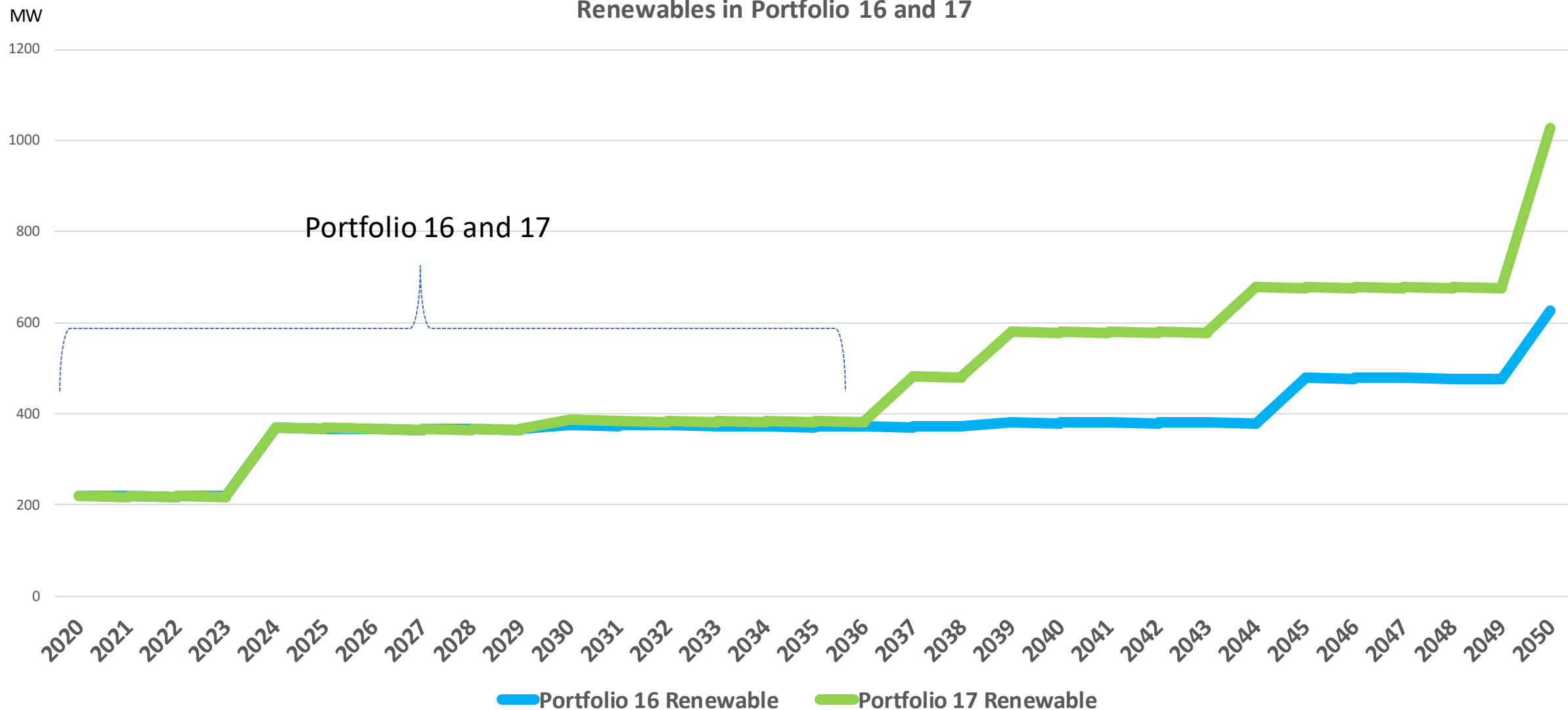


Gas in Portfolios 16 and 17

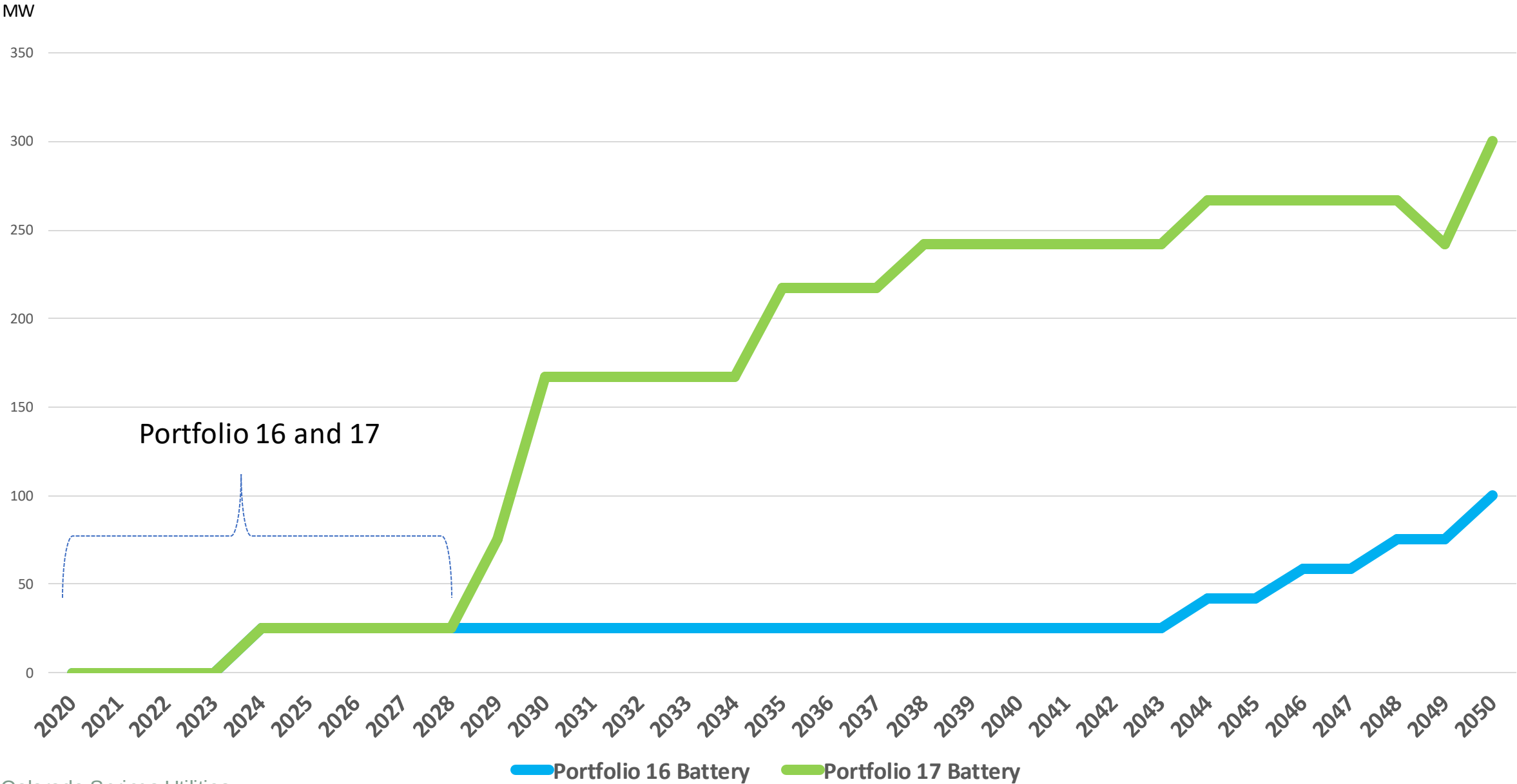




Renewables in Portfolio 16 and 17

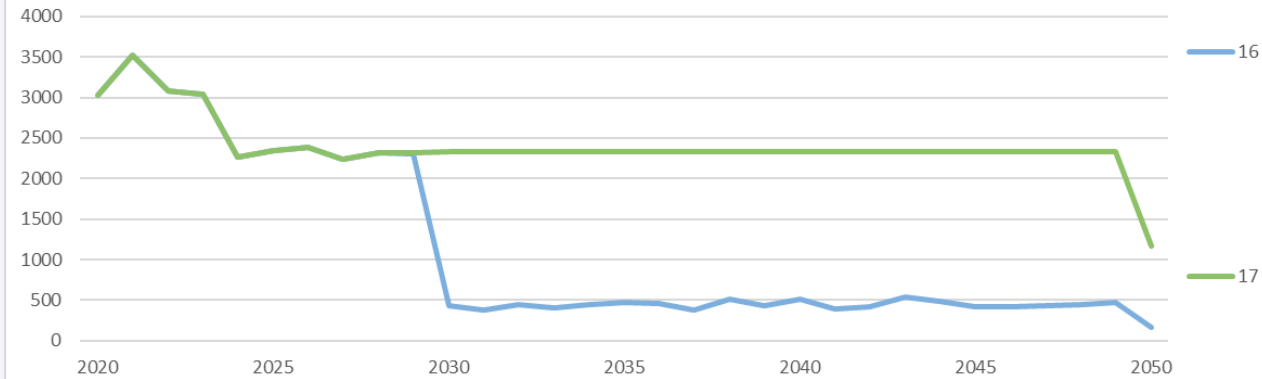


Storage in Portfolios 16 and 17

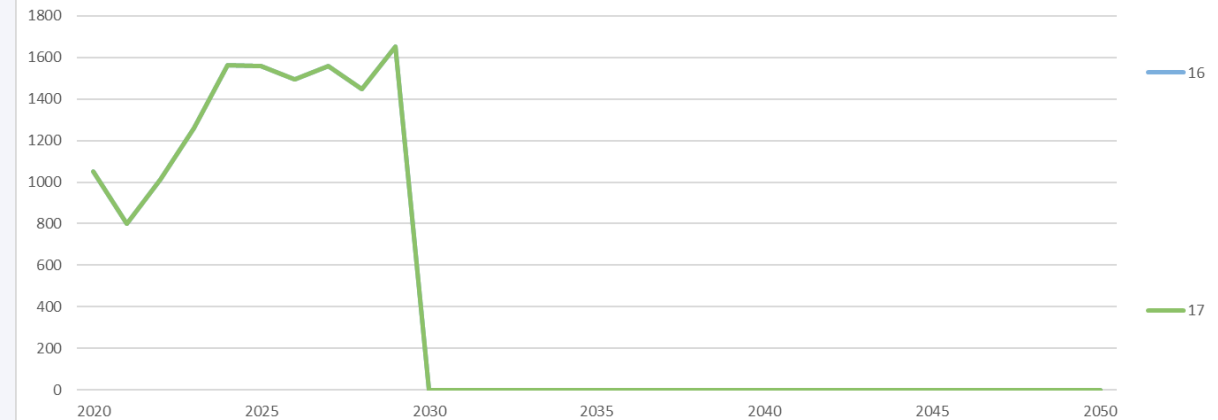


Unit Generation

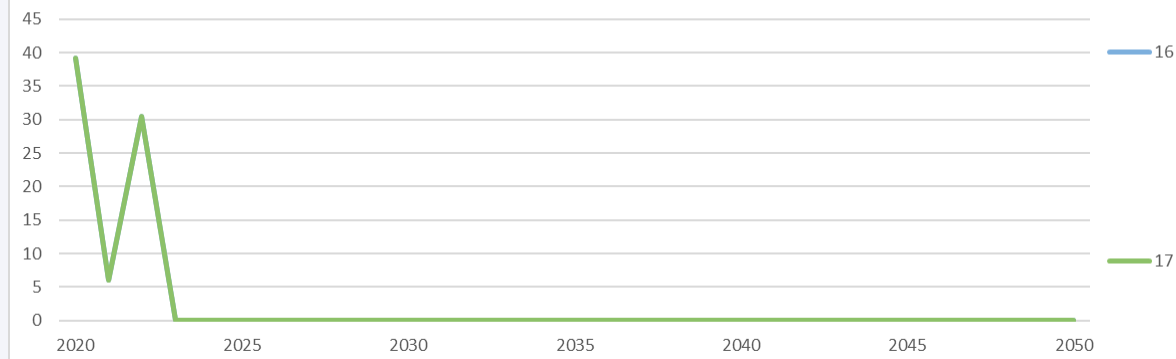
Front Range Generation (GWh)



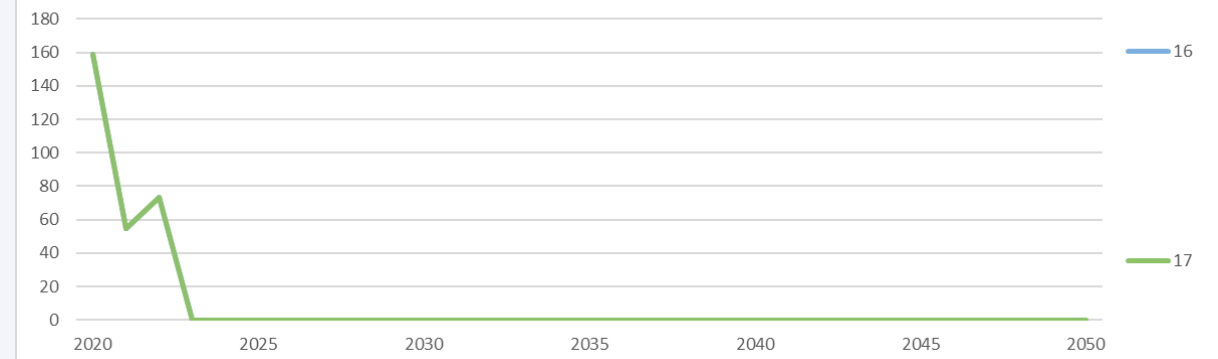
Nixon 1 Generation (GWh)



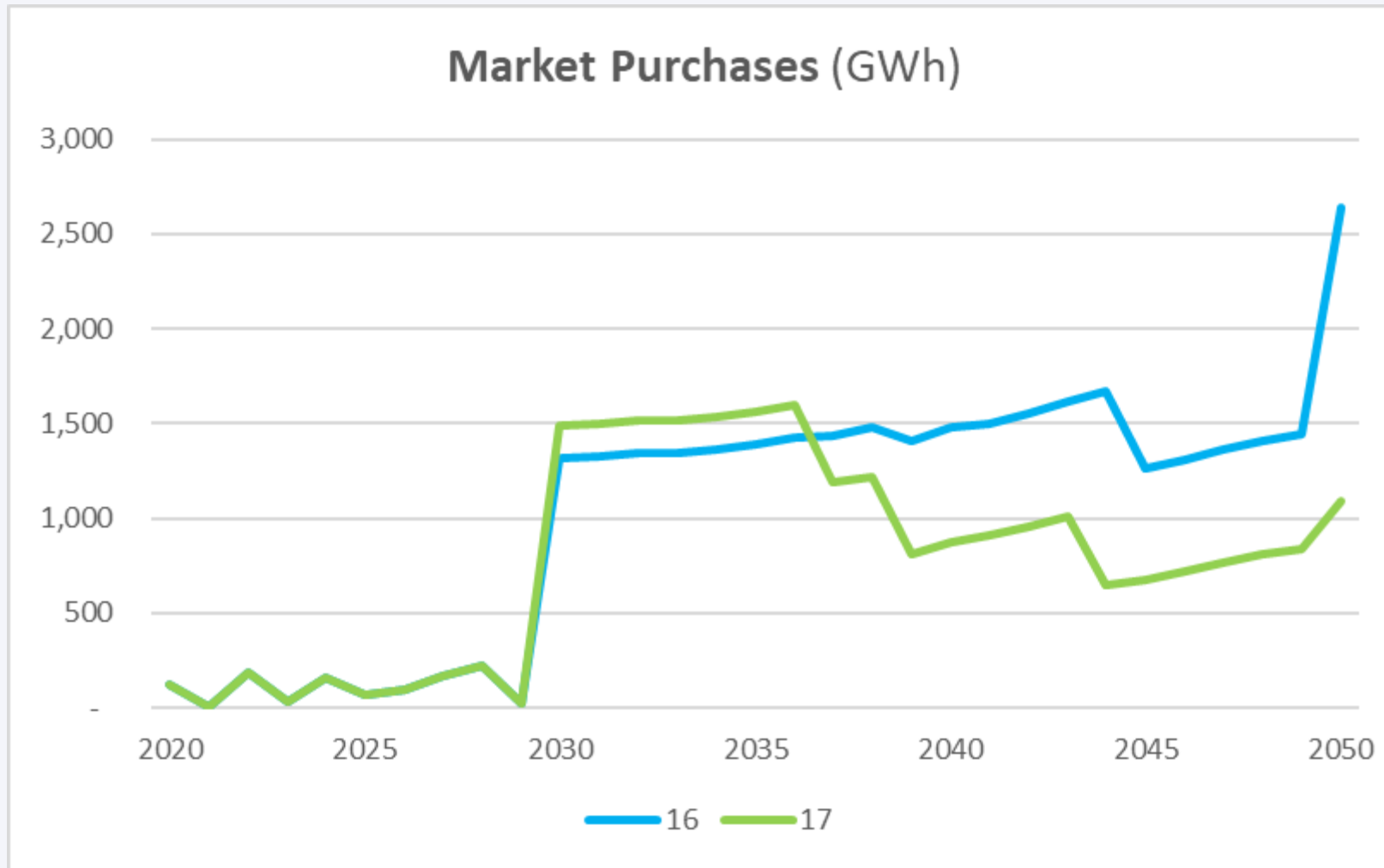
Drake 6 Generation (GWh)



Drake 7 Generation (GWh)



Market Purchases



100% Renewable Portfolios

Portfolio	CO2 Target	Retirements	New Resources	Attribute Ranking	Total Score Normalized	Reliability	Cost / Implementation	Environment / Stewardship	Flexibility / Diversity	Innovation
15	100% by 2030	Drake/Nixon/Front Range 2030	Renewable/Storage/DSM	8	82.8	73	24	100	50	60
18	100% by 2040	Drake 2035 Nixon/Front Range 2040	Renewable/Storage/DSM	10	74.2	80	34	53	50	60
19	100% by 2050	Drake 2035 Nixon/Front Range 2050	Renewable/Storage/DSM	12	67.3	73	44	38	63	30

Energy Vision

Provide resilient, reliable and cost-effective energy that is environmentally sustainable, reduces our carbon footprint and uses proven state-of-the-art technologies to enhance our quality of life for generations to come.



THE FUTURE OF OUR ENERGY SYSTEM

As we decommission fossil fuel generation and integrate more renewables, it is essential that we maintain a safe, reliable, and cost-effective energy supply. Here's how we'll do it.



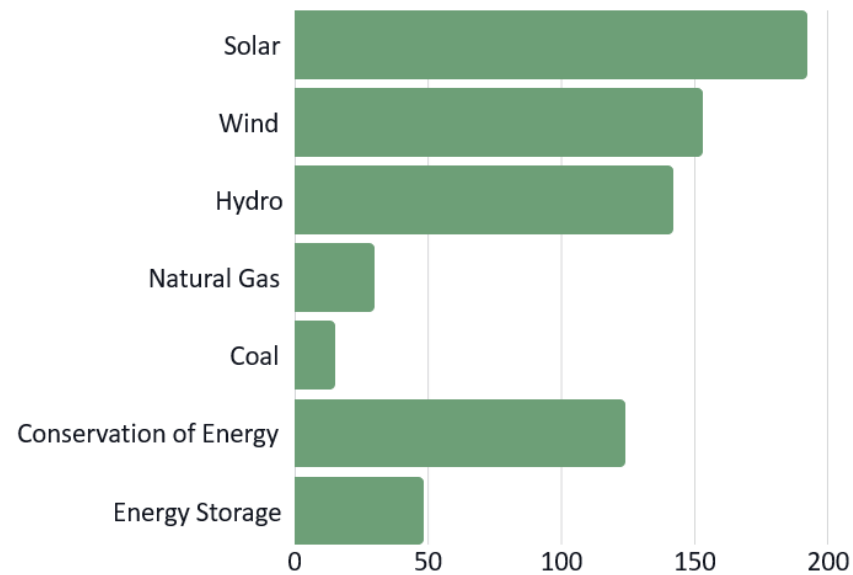
- 1 TODAY, WE HAVE ABOUT 1,000 MEGAWATTS OF FOSSIL FUEL ELECTRIC GENERATION. IN THE COMING YEARS, WE WILL DECOMMISSION MORE THAN A QUARTER OF IT.
- 2 THE COMMUNITY INCORPORATES SMART TECHNOLOGY (INCLUDING SOLAR PANELS, STORAGE SYSTEMS, AND ELECTRIC VEHICLES) IN THEIR HOMES AND BUSINESSES AND PARTICIPATES IN ENERGY EFFICIENCY, REDUCING THE AMOUNT OF NEEDED REPLACEMENT GENERATION.

- 3 OUR COMMUNITY AND ENVIRONMENT BENEFIT FROM UTILITY-SCALE SOLAR AND STORAGE PROJECTS (GROWING CARBON-FREE GENERATION TO MORE THAN 260 MEGAWATTS BY 2023).
- 4 MINIMAL AMOUNTS OF NATURAL GAS GENERATION CAN BE OUR BRIDGE TO NEW TECHNOLOGIES.

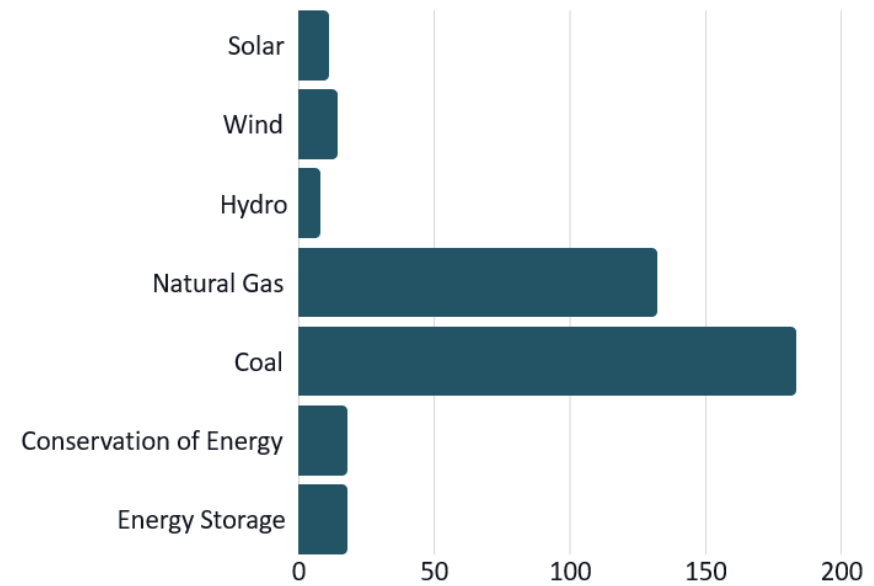
Youth Input

DO YOU HAVE A POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE OPINION OF THE FOLLOWING ENERGY SOURCES?

OF POSITIVE OPINIONS OF EACH ENERGY SOURCE



OF NEGATIVE OPINIONS OF EACH ENERGY SOURCE



- Integrated Workforce Plan

- IRP Implementation
- JDA & Energy Markets
- Distributed Generation Siting

- Rate Modernization and Customer Outreach

- Transmission Projects
- Military Resilience
- Drake Studies

- Energy Roadmap
- DSM/DER

- AMI
- ADMS